

Quadratic Poles & Zeros

Quadratic Poles

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{\omega_n^2} \frac{1}{\left(\frac{s}{\omega_n}\right)^2 + 2\zeta \frac{s}{\omega_n} + 1}$$

$$G(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_n}\right)^2 + 2\zeta \frac{\omega}{\omega_n} j}$$

$$\text{Mag: } 20 \log |G(j\omega)| = -20 \log \left| 1 - \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_n} \right)^2 + 2\zeta \frac{\omega}{\omega_n} j \right|$$

$$= -20 \times \frac{1}{2} \log \left[\left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_n} \right)^2 \right\}^2 + \left\{ 2\zeta \frac{\omega}{\omega_n} \right\}^2 \right]$$

Let $\frac{\omega}{\omega_n} = u$

$$= -10 \log \left[\left(1 - u^2 \right)^2 + (2\zeta u)^2 \right]$$

$$\text{Phase } \angle G(j\omega) = -\text{atan}\left(\frac{2\zeta u}{1-u^2}\right)$$

if $u \ll 1$, $\text{Mag} \approx -10 \log 1 = 0$

$$\text{Phase} \approx 0^\circ$$

if $u \gg 1$, $\text{Mag} \approx -10 \log u^4 = -40 \log u$

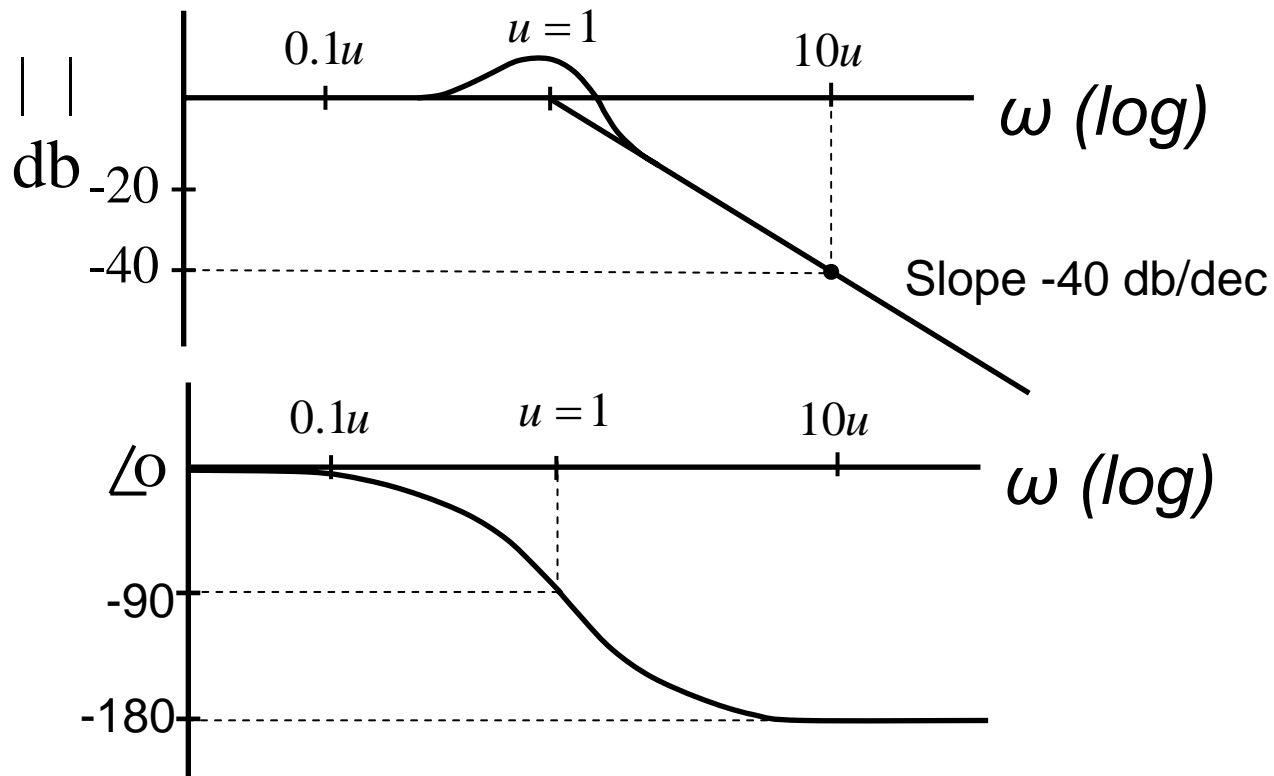
slope = -40 db/dec

$$\text{Phase} \approx -\text{atan}\left(\frac{2\zeta u}{-u^2}\right) \approx -\text{atan}\left(\frac{1}{-u}\right)$$

$$\approx -180^\circ$$

if $u = 1$, $\text{Mag} = -10\log(2\zeta)^2 = -20\log(2\zeta)$

$$\text{Phase} = -\text{atan}\left(\frac{2\zeta}{0}\right) = -90^\circ$$



Max Amplitude occurs at ω_r (resonant frequency)

$$\omega_r = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - 2\zeta^2} \quad \zeta < 0.707$$

$$M_{P_{\omega_r}} = |G(j\omega_r)| = \left\{ 2\zeta \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2} \right\}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Output} = \left(\frac{\text{Mag}}{\text{Input}} \right) \times |G(j\omega)| \times \sin(\omega t + 0^\circ)$$

First Order Simple Pole

$$\text{at } \omega = 0.1/\tau \Rightarrow 0 \text{ db}$$

$$20 \log |G(j\omega)| = 0 \text{ db} \Rightarrow |G(j\omega)| = 1$$

$$\text{output} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{mag} \\ \text{input} \end{array} \right) \times 1 \times \sin(\omega t + 0^\circ)$$

$$\text{at } \omega = 100/\tau$$

$$20 \log |G(j\omega)| = -40 \text{ db} \Rightarrow |G(j\omega)| = 0.01$$

$$\angle \approx -90^\circ \quad \text{output} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{mag} \\ \text{input} \end{array} \right) \times 0.01 \times \sin(\omega t - 90^\circ)$$

Example

$$G(s) = \frac{10(s+3)}{s(s+2)(s^2+s+2)}$$

Normalize

$$G(s) = \frac{10 \times 3 \left(\frac{1}{3}s + 1 \right)}{s \times 2 \left(\frac{1}{2}s + 1 \right) \times 2 \left(\left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}s + 1 \right)}$$

$$G(j\omega) = \frac{7.5 \left(\frac{j\omega}{3} + 1 \right)}{j\omega \left(\frac{j\omega}{2} + 1 \right) \left(\left(\frac{j\omega}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + \frac{j\omega}{2} + 1 \right)}$$

<u>FACTORS</u>		7.5	$j\frac{\omega}{3} + 1$	$(j\omega)^{-1}$	$\left(j\frac{\omega}{2} + 1\right)^{-1}$	$(Quad)^{-1}$
Break Freq.		*	3	1	2	$\sqrt{2}$
Slopes db/dec	Low Freq.	*	0	-20	0	0
	High Freq.	*	20	-20	-20	-40
Angle deg.	Low Freq.	0	0	-90	0	0
	Break Freq.		45		-45	-90
	High Freq.	0	90	-90	-90	-180

Final Slope ($\omega \gg 1$) = - 60 db/dec

Final Phase ($\omega \gg 1$) = -270°

Constant :

$$20 \log(\text{Constant}) \text{ db} =$$

$$20 \log(7.5) = 17.5 \text{ db}$$

Quadratic :

Find $\omega_r, \zeta, M_p, \omega_r$ from formulae.